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Tips for your safety

Always observe appropriate precautions whenever you work with machine-driven brushes.

 – All persons in the vicinity of machine-driven brushes must wear protective goggles or face masks.

– Check brushes for damage before starting work.

– Be sure all brushes are properly mounted.

**For your protection:
Always wear
protective goggles!**

Solving problems if brush results are poor

Brushing not effective enough:

- Increase peripheral speed by operating a larger diameter brush or by increasing the operating speed (never exceed the maximum RPM rating).
- Use a brush with shorter trim length.
- Use a brush with thicker wire.

Brushing too effective:

- Reduce the peripheral speed by using a smaller diameter brush or by decreasing the operating speed per unit time.
- Use a brush with longer trim length.
- Use a brush with thinner wire.

Brush leaves burr marks:

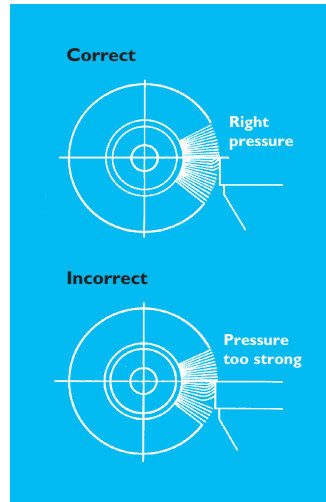
- Use a brush with shorter trim length.
- Check the position of the brush and check the position of the object being treated.
- Use a brush with wider face.
- Use a brush with thicker wire.

Right pressure

Effective brushing requires gentle pressure so that the wire points are effective (see illustration). Increasing the pressure does not improve results, but only serves to decrease the lifetime of the brush.

Peripheral speeds

The maximum safe rotary speed is printed either on the brush or on its package. Never exceed this speed!



Recommended peripheral speeds for Brushing Application

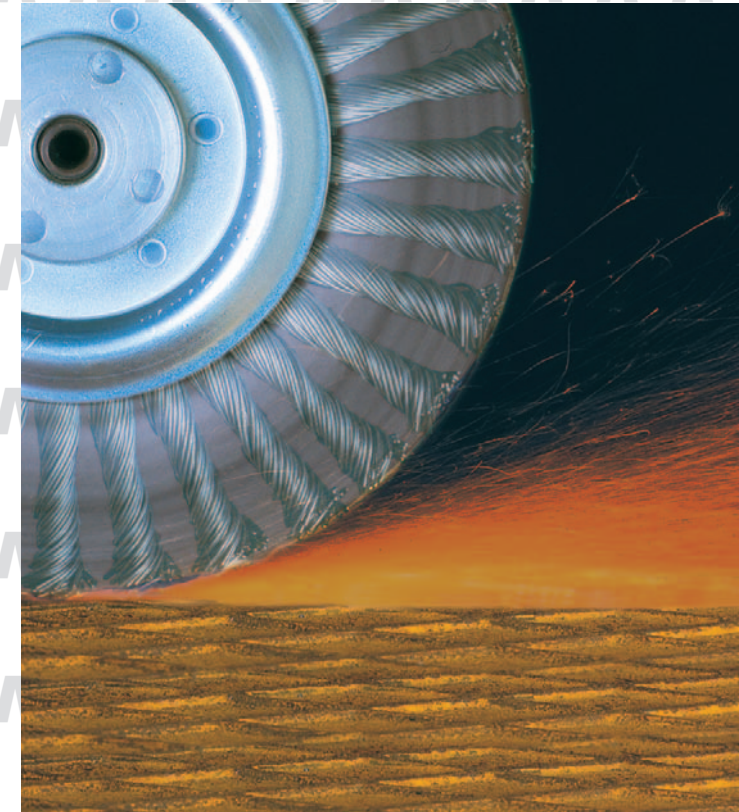
Application	Peripheral speed in m/s							
	5	15	20	25	30	35	40	45
Deburring Burrs					25-35			
Cleaning Welds							35-45	
Removing Scale							35-45	
Polishing						30-40		
Working on Plastics				15-20				
Cleaning Surfaces		5-25						
Removing of Rust		5-25						

Peripheral Speed (v) in m/s

RPM (n)	Brush diameter (d) in mm							
	40	50	80	100	125	150	175	200
1.000			4,2	5,2	6,5	7,9	9,2	10,5
1.500	3,1	3,9	6,3	7,9	9,8	11,8	13,7	15,7
2.000	4,2	5,2	8,4	10,5	13,1	15,7	18,3	20,9
2.500	5,2	6,5	10,5	13,1	16,4	19,6	22,9	26,2
3.000	6,3	7,9	12,6	15,7	19,6	23,6	27,5	31,4
3.500	7,3	9,2	14,7	18,3	22,9	27,5	32,1	36,7
4.000	8,4	10,5	16,8	20,9	26,2	31,4	36,7	41,9
4.500	9,4	11,8	18,8	23,6	29,5	35,3	41,2	47,1
5.000	10,5	13,1	20,9	26,2	32,7	39,3	45,8	52,4
6.000	12,6	15,7	25,1	31,4	39,3	47,1	55,0	62,8
8.000	16,8	20,9	33,5	41,9	52,4	62,8	73,3	83,8
10.000	20,9	26,2	41,9	52,4	65,4	78,5	91,6	
12.500	26,2	32,7	52,4	65,4	81,8			
15.000	31,4	39,3	62,8	78,5				
17.500	36,7	45,8	73,3	91,6				
20.000	41,8	52,4	83,8					
22.500	47,2	58,9						
25.000	52,4	65,4						

$$v = \frac{\text{Brush diameter (d)} \times \pi \times \text{RPM (n)}}{1000 \times 60}$$

Konzept & Gestaltung: schuetzack-uhl.de



Brush-Know-how
Technical advice

Brush-Know-how

Made in Germany

LESSMANN
DRAHTBÜRSTEN · WIRE BRUSHES



Treatment of welding seams

This task demands tough and aggressive brushing. You will get the best results by using knotted wheel brushes and/or cup brushes. Hard-to-reach places can be treated with knotted end brushes or conical brushes.

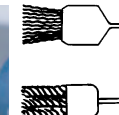
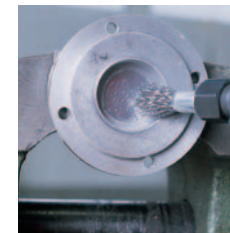
Recommended speed: 35-45 m/s



Undersealing: coarse brushing with electric drills

A knotted wheel brush is best suited for this task. Because this type of brush is self-cleaning, it will not clog. It can also be used for all tasks that require aggressive brushing.

Recommended speed: 5-25 m/s



Treating hard-to-reach places

An end brush allows you to penetrate narrow apertures. Centrifugal force spreads its knots, thus enabling the end brush to clean recessed joints and interior surfaces.

Recommended speed: 5-35 m/s (depending on usage)



Treatment of metals

Use a knotted brush; knot conical brushes are most widely applicable. These brushes are also appropriate for treating edges, grooves and surfaces. They can also be used to clean concrete surfaces.

Recommended speed: 35-45 m/s



Automotive work

Insert a brush with a shank into your electric drill and you are well-equipped to perform repairs on your automobile. Removing rust and old paint or polishing (with abrasive nylon) is quick and easy.

Recommended speed:
5-25 m/s (treatment of surfaces)
35-45 m/s (polishing)



Cleaning pipes, boreholes and winding parts

Insert a cylinder brush into your electric drill and choose a slow speed of rotation to clean pipes, boreholes and winding parts.

Recommended speed: see instructions!



Treatment of surfaces: removing rust, paint, etc.

Use cup brushes for larger surfaces. Wheel or conical brushes are the proper tools for smaller surfaces and for treating hard-to-reach places. Use cup or wheel brushes with a shank in electric drills.

Recommended speed: 20-35 m/s



Removing rust around the house e. g. garden fences, railings, bicycles

Always choose the properly shaped brush for every purpose: wheel brushes for grooves, edges or corners; cup brushes for larger surfaces; end brushes for pinpoint work; steel-wire brushes for removing rust from garden fences and railings.

Recommended speed: 5-25 m/s



Universal tool

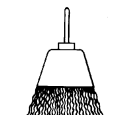
When you cannot use or would prefer not to use a machine, simply reach for a hand brush! Be sure to choose a brush with the correct type of bristles. A thick wire is used for rough applications, a thin wire for gentle polishing.



Deburring

Smoothing burrs on cut edge is best done with brushes equipped with crimped wire. Use a wheel brush in conjunction with a bench grinder; wheel brushes with a shank are appropriate for use in electric drills.

Recommended speed: 25-35 m/s



Cleaning, polishing and texturing with abrasive nylon

Abrasive nylon brushes have abrasive grit integrated in their plastic bristles. This type of brush is ideal for cleaning or polishing delicate surfaces. It is also the right brush to use for wooden or plastic surfaces.

Recommended speed: 5-20 m/s

- Steel wire:** for treating metal surfaces
- Knotted steel wire:** especially hard and aggressive
- Crimped steel wire:** soft and flexible, degree of aggressiveness varies with the diameter of the wire
- Stainless steel wire:** for cleaning rust-resistant surfaces
- Brass wire:** for cleaning delicate or brass surfaces
- Polishing nylon:** for polishing, grinding and texturing soft and moderately hard materials